

BUSINESS PLAN "LOLA"

FOR THE CULTIVATION AND SALE OF TULIPS

(Variety - Prince)

1. INTRODUCTION

Tulip cultivation is a promising and profitable agricultural business, particularly in Uzbekistan, where climatic conditions allow for effective greenhouse production. This business plan outlines the financial feasibility, technological requirements, and potential profitability of tulip farming on three different scales: small, medium, and large-scale production.

2. PROJECT OVERVIEW

Project Goal: To establish a profitable tulip cultivation enterprise using greenhouse technology, ensuring high-quality flowers for local and export markets.

Production Scale:

- Small-scale: 500 m² greenhouse, estimated production of 100,000 tulips per cycle.
- Medium-scale: 1,000 m² greenhouse, estimated production of 250,000 tulips per cycle.
- Large-scale: 2,000 m² greenhouse, estimated production of 500,000 tulips per cycle.

Competitive Advantages:

- Favorable climatic conditions in Uzbekistan.
- Growing demand in local and international flower markets.
- Year-round production using modern greenhouse systems.

3. MARKET ANALYSIS

3.1 Global and Local Market Trends

- The global flower industry is valued at over \$40 billion annually, with tulips being one of the top-selling flowers.
- In Uzbekistan, the demand for fresh flowers is increasing due to urbanization and rising purchasing power.
- Potential export markets: Russia, Kazakhstan, UAE, and Europe.

3.2 Target Customers

- Flower wholesalers and retailers.
- Wedding and event planning companies.
- Supermarkets and garden centers.
- Export buyers and distributors.

4. TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESS

4.1 Greenhouse Construction

• Polycarbonate greenhouses with automated irrigation and temperature control.

- Energy-efficient heating systems to reduce winter production costs.
- Ventilation and humidity control for optimal growth.

4.2 Tulip Cultivation Stages

- 1. **Bulb Selection:** High-quality Dutch or local tulip bulbs.
- 2. Soil Preparation: Optimal pH and nutrient balance.
- 3. Planting: Precise spacing for optimal yield.
- 4. **Growth Monitoring:** Regular irrigation, temperature control, and disease prevention.
- 5. **Harvesting:** Cutting flowers at the right blooming stage for longevity.
- 6. **Packaging and Distribution:** Quality control, sorting, and logistics planning.

5. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

5.1 Investment and Operating Costs

Capital Expenditure (CAPEX) in UZS

Expense Item	Small Scale (UZS)	Medium Scale (UZS)	Large Scale (UZS)
Greenhouse Construction	300,000,000	600,000,000	1,200,000,000
Irrigation System	50,000,000	100,000,000	200,000,000
Bulb Purchase (per cycle)	80,000,000	200,000,000	400,000,000
Packaging Equipment	20,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000
Miscellaneous Costs	50,000,000	100,000,000	200,000,000
Total CAPEX	500,000,000	1,050,000,000	2,100,000,000

Operating Expenditure (OPEX) in UZS (per cycle)

Expense Item	Small Scale (UZS)	Medium Scale (UZS)	Large Scale (UZS)
Labor Costs	40,000,000	80,000,000	160,000,000
Utilities (Water, Energy)	30,000,000	60,000,000	120,000,000
Fertilizers and Pesticides	20,000,000	40,000,000	80,000,000
Logistics and Distribution	25,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000
Miscellaneous Costs	15,000,000	30,000,000	60,000,000
Total OPEX	130,000,000	260,000,000	520,000,000

5.2 Revenue Projection (per cycle)

Scale	Production Volume	Average Price per Tulip (UZS)	Revenue (UZS)
Small	100,000	3,500	350,000,000
Medium	250,000	3,500	875,000,000
Large	500,000	3,500	1,750,000,000

5.3 Profitability Analysis

Scale	Revenue (UZS)	OPEX (UZS)	Net Profit (UZS)	ROI (%)
Small	350,000,000	130,000,000	220,000,000	44%
Medium	875,000,000	260,000,000	615,000,000	58%
Large	1,750,000,000	520,000,000	1,230,000,000	59%

6. CONCLUSION

This business plan demonstrates the profitability and feasibility of tulip cultivation in Uzbekistan. With an initial investment of **500 million to 2.1 billion UZS**, a greenhouse tulip farm can generate **significant profits within one production cycle**. The project benefits from high market demand, optimal climatic conditions, and scalable production capacity.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

- Small-scale investors: Start with a 500 m² greenhouse, focusing on local markets.
- Medium-scale investors: Expand to 1,000 m², targeting both local and regional buyers.
- Large-scale investors: Develop 2,000 m² or more, focusing on export markets and long-term contrac